Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VII.] TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1807. [No. 1823.

SALES AT VENDUE.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,
AT THE VENDUE STORE,
Corner of Prince and Water streets,
A variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day.

ALL kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

Plaister Paris, afloat.

The CARGO of sch'r. Dove, Capt. Newcomb, from Portland,
For sale, by
Lawrason & Fowle.
Who have also for sale,
100 boxes brown Soap,
12 ditto Cheese.
January 9. d

40 boxes of fresh Bloom Raisins,
AND
40 boxes dipt Candles,
For Sale by
M. MILLER.
December 12.

Wanted to Purchase,

A FEW ACRES of LAND, on the north end of the town, to bind on the river or nearly so.
Apply to the Printer.
September 25. d

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms,
The large commodious well-built three story *BRICK WAREHOUSE* on King-street occupied by Messrs. Richard Veitch & Co.—Apply to
James Patton.
October 20. d

13 hhds. SUGAR of good quality,
28 bbls. do. do.
4 qr. casks Sherry Wine } of excellent
11 do. do. Malaga do. } quality.
Boxes of Cotton Cards
Sacks of Licorice Root and Sago
Barrels of Clover and Herds Grass Seed
And a large quantity of Red Sole Leather,
For Sale by
Benjamin Shreve, Jun.
July 26. d

JOHN G. LADD,

Has just received and for sale,
10 pipes choice old Cognac Brandy
20 bales of excellent flax
5 do. glue
50 barrels prime beef
60 pieces Russia sheetings
50 do. Ravens duck
60 barrels sweet cider
100 casks lime
100 barrels new rum
50 boxes mould candles.
January 13. d

Liverpool Salt, afloat.

The Cargo of the schooner Thomas Jefferson, Capt. Hall, from Boston, consisting of 800 hogsheads coarse Liverpool Salt,
For sale by
Lawrason and Fowle.
Who have also landing from said schooner,
100 boxes mould candles
5 chests young hyson tea
4 bales Beerboon Gurrahs
20 boxes chocolate
5 hogsheads N. E. rum
30 kegs fresh raisins.
IN STORE,
25 chests young hyson } TEAS
15 do. imperial } *first quality.*
15 bales Beerboon Gurrahs
6 do. Plains
7 do. Kendall cottons
50 rolls heavy Ravens duck
2 cases hats
1000 pair coarse and fine shoes
15 hogsheads } *Muscovado Sugars.*
10 barrels }
150 barrels N. E. rum
4 hogsheads Grenada do.
2 pipes Rebus wine
200 kegs, and 20 kids salmon
Half barrels and kids of beef
200 boxes soap
50 boxes chocolate
30 do. cod-fish.
December 27.

Marsteller and Young,

Have just received, and will sell low if taken from on board,
3000 bushels Turks Island Salt.
ALSO,
17 Tierces Barbadoes Molasses.
January 16. d

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE,
500 Spanish Hides,
5 tierces Clover Seed,
1 ditto Timothy,
AND
5 hogsheads JAMAICA RUM.
Mordecai Miller.
January 20. d

FOR SALE,

Six Shares in the Potomac Canal.
Apply to the Printer.
January 13.

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE,
150 Sacks Liverpool stoved Salt, &
2600 Bushels do.
On very moderate terms.
Wm. Hodgson.
Jan. 3. d.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
2 pipes L. P. Madeira WINE
2 half do. do. do.
8 pipes Cognac BRANDY, 4th proof.
Wadsworth & Butler,
WHO HAVE ON HAND,
20 hhds. Jamaica RUM, 4th proof
10 do. St. Croix do. 2d & 3d do.
8 do. New-England do.
5 pipes Holland GIN
2 do. country do.
1 hhd. L. market Madeira Wine } of a supe-
4 quarter casks do. do. } rior quality
3 do. do. L. P. Teneriffe do. do.
6000 bushels Lisbon SALT.
January 1

FOR RENT,

The STORE, on Prince-street, between Fairfax and Prince-street, lately in the occupation of Mr. Ramsay. It is well calculated for a dry or wet goods store. The rent moderate. Apply to
William Hodgson.
Sept. 25. d

Suwarrow Boots.

JOHN G. FRANCIS,
From New-York,
RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he manufactures *Suwarrow Boots* with all the modern improvements, warranted equal to any in the United States. After many years of experience in his business, he has discovered a new method of retaining the elasticity in boots. He warrants to fit the leg be it ever so badly shaped. He makes boots of various descriptions, viz. Suwarrows—Fair-Tops, Three Quarters, Corsican Spring Toes, Duck Bills, Round Toes, Bonaparte's Graves, Jefferson's Boots and Shoes. He warrants to fit the Suwarrow equal to the tuck boots.—Gentlemen will please to call and see for themselves, at his shop in King-street, between Mr. Mott's and Mr Hodgkin's tavern.
January 3. d6m
N. B. He intends selling cheap for cash.

Patent Elastic Suspenders,

To be had, wholesale and retail, of the Patentee, next door below Mr. Alexander M'Kenzie's, lower end of Prince-street, Alexandria.

THEY surpass any yet extant, for ease, elegance, &c. Masters of vessels and other gentlemen going to the West-Indies, Spanish Main, &c. may be furnished with an assortment, and a great allowance to those who purchase by the quantity.

N. B. The buttons on the back parts of the waistband ought to be placed the same distance from each other, as the two center buttons on the Suspenders, to prevent improper straining, and thereby destroying the ease designed in the construction of the article.

Richard Horwell.

ALSO,
Red, Green, & Black Morocco Leather,
By the dozen or single skin—for sale at Horwell's Patent Suspender Manufactory, in Prince-street.
July 8. d12m

Butter for Sale.

BRYAN HAMPSON,
HAS JUST RECEIVED,
A quantity of BUTTER, in the very best order for shipping—which he will sell low on a long credit.
February 2. d

Wanted to Purchase,

A Negro Man Servant, who has been accustomed to wait in a family, and can be well recommended.—*Enquire of the Printer.*
November 10. d

SEINE TWINE.

2,000 pounds excellent Seine Twine.
ALSO,
10 quarter casks Port Wine
10 boxes Spermaceti Candles
12 kegs fresh Raisins—
For sale by
James Sanderson.
January 19. d

JOSEPH H. MANDEVILLE

KING-STREET,
At his Grocery & Flour Store,
HAS ON HAND AND OFFERS FOR SALE,
Muscovado SUGAR of various qualities
Moore's Loaf and Lump do.
MOLASSES in hhds.
Havanna HONEY
Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson & Hyson Skin } TEAS, Of a good quality
COFFEE & CHOCOLATE
Spanish SEGARS in boxes
RAISINS in kegs and boxes
Jamaica and Antigua SPIRIT, old and good
Low priced West-India RUM
New-England do.
French and Peach BRANDY
Holland GIN
Rye WHISKEY
Stoughton's BITTERS in bottles
Manufactured TOBACCO
Mould and dip'd CANDLES
Coarse and fine Liverpool SALT in sacks or by the bushel
American GUNPOWDER
Wrapping Paper, Demijohns, Snuff in bottles, Leading Lines and Bed Cords, Black Pepper, &c.
100 tons Plaister Paris.
20 bls. whole or gross HERRINGS
100 bls. cut do.
20 bls. SHAD
Clover Seed.
Cheshire CHEESE of an excellent quality.
—*ALSO*—
FLOUR constantly kept and selected for family use.
January 3 d

Rappahannock Mills, &c.

THE subscriber would lease or rent, that valuable property, called "HUNTER'S WORKS, consisting of a Manufacturing Mill, (late in the occupancy of Messrs. Cooch and Hollingsworths) having two water wheels, with four pair burr stones, and all necessary machinery—a good Grist Mill, Saw Mill, and houses suitable for millers, coopers, & blacksmith's. At this place are the walls and remains of a forge and slitting mill, formerly carried on, the scites of which, and others in the same canal, are excellent for water works of various kinds. This property is on the north edge of the Rappahannock, within two miles of Fredericksburg and one of Falmouth, has peculiar advantages of water, and is well situated for the purchase of wheat, now the staple of the country, and of the last crop a large proportion yet to come to market.

Also, a valuable MANUFACTURING MILL, with two water wheels, two pair of stones, and the usual machinery, situated on the same edge of the river, within half a mile of Falmouth, having a convenient and comfortable miller's house attached to it, and a canal which now affords water communication from Falmouth to the mill door, and at the expence of only three or four hundred dollars may be extended to the doors of the forge mills—Or, I will sell the whole of the above Property, under stipulations, for the benefit of contiguous property, but no way injurious to this, and give credit seven years if necessary, for three fourths of the amount, and accommodating time for the other fourth.

Robert Dunbar.
January 26. 2aw6w

Printing, in its various branches, handsomely executed at this office.

NOTICE.

THE members of the Mechanical Relief Society, are hereby requested to attend a quarterly meeting of said Society at Hodgskin's tavern, on Wednesday, February 4th, at six o'clock in the evening.

John McLeod, *Sec'y.*
January 31. 3t

Strong Beer Brewery.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the drinkers of malt liquor, that this season he has been able to improve the quality of his malt liquor so as to warrant a comparison with any imported.

The citizens can now have this wholesome beverage brewed in their own town and laid down at their doors regularly and cheaper than any imported.

Any gentleman wishing to make a shipment to the West-Indies or Charleston, can have 40 or 50 barrels in a few days notice, and a half concern will be taken if required.

Thomas Cruse.
January 29. d2w

Negroes for Sale,

TO be Sold, for ready money, at Fairfax court house, on Monday the 16th day of February next, being court day, several valuable Slaves, consisting of men, who are stout, healthy, and good farmers; girls, who have been accustomed to house work; and boys capable of ploughing. Also, a negro man, who has eight years to serve; he is a good waggoner. The above may be treated for in private bargain, any time previous to the day of sale. Enquire of the printer.
January 26 t16F

Just Received,

10 chests } Young Hyson TEA
20 boxes }
10 chests Hyson Skin do.
20 casks Malaga WINE.
A quantity Sole LEATHER,
For Sale by
John G. Ladd.
July 26

JAMES BACON,

At his GROCERY STORE, *on King-street, has in addition to his former stock, added*
A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in the Grocery Line;
Which makes his assortment complete.
He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms,
Muscovado Sugars, of various qualities,
Loaf and Lump ditto,
Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson-Skin, and Souchong } *TEAS,* particularly selected for family use.
Best green Coffee,
Chocolate, of a superior quality,
Madeira, Busellos, Sherry, Lisbon, Teneriffe, Malaga, and Genuine old Port } *WINES,*
Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,
Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,
Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincents, and New England Rum,
Holland Gin,
Irish and country Whisky,
Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,
Stoughton's Bitters,
Mace, nutmegs, cloves, cassia, pimento Cayenne and black pepper, race and ground ginger, basket salt for table use, pearl barley, rice, starch, fig blue, soap, mould, dipt and spermaceti candles, refined salt-petre, flotant indigo, allum, copperas, madder, brimne, stone spinning cotton, patent shot all sizes, best english and country made gunpowder, segars, and smoaking tobacco, very best chewing tobacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's snuff, Hunter's pipes in boxes.

London mustard, warranted of a superior quality, Dixon's best ditto, wrapping paper demijohn's, &c. &c. with generally every article in his line—the whole of which have been selected with care, and will be disposed of on the very lowest terms.

TO RENT,

A CONVENIENT two-st FRAME HOUSE lately occupied by Mark Butts situate in Duke, between Water and Union streets, next door to Thomas Preston's. Apply to
Mark Butts, or
Thomas Preston.
January 7. pp

MESSAGE

From the president of the U. S. transmitting further information relative to the conspiracy.

To the senate and house of representatives of the U. S.

By the letters of captain Bissel, who commands at fort Massac, and of Mr. Murrell, to general Jackson of Tennessee, copies of which are now communicated to congress, it will be seen that Aaron Burr passed fort Massac on the 31st of Dec. with about ten boats navigated by about 6 hands each, without any military appearance; and that three boats with ammunition were said to have been arrested by the militia at Louisville.

As the guards of militia posted on various points of the Ohio, will be able to prevent any further aids passing through that channel, should any be attempted, we now estimate with tolerable certainty the means derived from the Ohio and its waters, towards the accomplishment of the purposes of Mr. Burr.

TH: JEFFERSON.

Jan. 28, 1807.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 8, 1807.

Gen. Andrew Jackson,

SIR,

I received your instructions, dated the 2d inst. and agreeable thereto I delivered your letter, addressed to gen. Thomas Johnson, to colonel Cheatham, and it was forwarded to him immediately. I arrived a Centerville on the 4th instant; heard a report there that colonel Burr had gone down the river with one thousand armed men: arrived at the mouth of Cumberland river that evening, and made enquiry concerning colonel Burr, and was informed that he left that place on the 28th of December, 1806. with 10 boats of different descriptions, had sixty men on board, but no appearance of arms. I left there on the 5th inst. and arrived at fort Massac that evening, delivered your letter to captain Bissel, and received his answer; made some inquiries of him, and was informed that colonel Burr had left that place on the 30th of December, 1806, with ten boats. He likewise informed me that he had been on board the boats and seen no appearance of arms or ammunition. On my return to the mouth of Cumberland river, I was informed that three boats had been stopped at Louisville, with a quantity of ammunition. There are about fifty men stationed at the mouth of Cumberland, under command of colonel Ramsey.

I remain,
With the highest esteem,
Your's,
(Signed)
JOHN MURRELL.

FORT MASSAC, Jan. 5th, 1807.

SIR,

This day per express I had the honor to receive your very interesting letter of the 2d inst. and shall pay due respect to its contents. As yet I have not received the president's proclamation alluded to, nor have I received any orders from the department of war, relative to the subject matter of your letter.

There has not to my knowledge been any assemblage of men or boats at this or any other place, unauthorized by law or precedency; but should any thing of the kind make its appearance, which carries with it the least mark of suspicion, as having illegal enterprizes or projects in view, hostile to the peace and good order of government, I shall, with as much ardor and energy as the case will admit, endeavor to bring to justice all such offenders.

For more than two weeks last past, I have made it a point to make myself acquainted with the loading and situation of all boats descending the river. As yet there has nothing the least alarming appeared. On or about the 31st ultimo, col. Burr, late vice president of the U. States, passed this with about ten boats of different descriptions, navigated with about six men each, having nothing on board that would suffer a conjecture more than a man bound to market. He has descended the rivers towards Orleans. Should any thing, to my knowledge, transpire interesting to government, I will give the most early notice in my power.

I have the honor to be,
Respectfully,
Sir,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed)
DAN. BISSEL,
Commanding captain.

Gen. Andrew Jackson,
Nashville, Tennessee.

Extract of a letter dated Natchitoches, December 20, 1806.

"Ere this reaches you, you no doubt will be fully informed of the termination of differences in this quarter; it will therefore be unnecessary for me to say any thing on the subject, except that every thing is perfectly tranquil, and both governors Cordero and Herrara, are gone to St. Antonio. The latter, it is said, is to return to Nacogdoches after conferring with the captain general Salcedo who ordered him to meet him there."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of the highest respectability to a member of congress, dated Nashville, 8th January, 1807, noticing the measures adopted by the *general officer*, commanding the western division of that state, to whom dispatches had been sent by the executive of the U. S. relative to Burr's conspiracy.

"*The general* knowing his duty, was determined to act, and if proof could be obtained, to stop all boats with warlike stores, or military preparations—He ordered 12 companies of volunteers with gen. ——— to command, to hold themselves in readiness to march, and dispatched a confidential messenger to the mouth of Cumberland river with special instructions, and to proceed to fort Massac, with a letter to captain Bissle. The messenger has returned, and from him and captain Bissle's answer it is stated, that col Burr left Massac about the 1st inst. with 10 boats with about six men in each, without arms or any military stores. The volunteers on this occasion did honor to themselves and to their country. Figure to yourself gen. R——— as capt. of such men as gen O———, major T———, &c. &c. all old veterans, and over fifty, tendering their services to their general and their country. The general ordered the militia to return to their homes and be ready to march at a moment's warning."

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

PARIS, Nov. 19.

THIRTIETH BULLETIN OF THE GRAND ARMY.

Berlin, Nov. 10.

The fortified town of Magdeburg surrendered on the 8th. On the 9th the gates were occupied by the French troops: the capitulation is hereunto annexed.

Sixteen thousand men, nearly 800 peices of cannon, and magazines of every kind are in our hands.

Prince Jerome has laid Glogau, the capital of Upper Silesia, under blockade, by brigadier general Lefebvre, at the head of 2000 Bavarian horse.

The town was bombarded on the 8th by ten howitzers, fired by the light artillerymen. The princess passed an eulogium on the conduct of the Bavarian cavalry. Gen. Deroy invested Glogau with his division on the 9th. A parley has been opened for its surrender.

Marshal Davoust entered Posen with a corps of the enemy on the 10th. He is highly satisfied with the spirit that animates the soldiers. The persons who hold situations under the Prussian government would have been massacred, had not the French army taken them under its protection.

The vans of four Russian columns, each 15,000 men strong, had begun to enter the Prussian states by Georgenburg, Olina, Grodno and Jalowka. On the 25th of October, these advanced guards of columns had made two days marches, when they received news of the battle of the 15th, and of the consequent events. They retrogaded immediately. So many successes and events of such high importance, should not slacken the military preparations in France. They should on the contrary be followed up with fresh energy, not to satisfy an insatiable ambition, but to fix bounds to the ambition of our enemies.

The French army will not quit either Poland or Berlin, until the Porte shall have been in the full extent of its independence, nor until Wallachia, and Moldavia shall have been declared to belong in complete sovereignty to the Porte!

The French army will not quit Berlin until the possessions and colonies, both Spanish and Dutch, and French, shall have been given up, and a general peace made.

[Here follows the capitulation of Magdeburgh.]

THIRTY-FIRST BULLETIN.

Berlin, Nov. 12.

On the eleventh inst. at 11 in the morning, the garrison of Magdeburg filed off, in presence of the division of the army under the command of marshal Ney. We have captured 20 generals, 800 officers and 22,000 soldiers, among whom are 900 artillerymen, with 54 pair of colors, five standards, 800 pieces of artillery, one million pounds of powder, a great assemblage of pontoons, and an immense quantity of metal for the casting of cannon.

Colonel Gerard and adjutant commander Richard, presented to the emperor, this morning, in the name of the 1st and 4th corps, 60 pair of colors, taken from the Prussian corps under general Blucher, at Lubeck. There were amongst them 22 standards. Four thousand horses, completely mounted, which were seized near Lubeck, are on their way to the depot at Potzdam.

In the 20th bulletin it was stated, that the corps under general Blucher put us in possession of 12,000 prisoners, including five hundred cavalry. This was a mistake: there were 21,000 made prisoners, including 5000 cavalry, completely mounted. Thus, in consequence of these two capitulations, we have obtained 120 pair of colors and standards, and 43,000 prisoners.

The total of prisoners made since the commencement of the campaign, exceeds 140 000; and that of the colors taken 250. The number of pieces of artillery taken from the enemy in the field of battle, and in the affairs with detachments, exceeds eight hundred; and that of those found in Berlin and the surrendered fortresses four thousand.

The emperor yesterday reviewed his horse and foot guards in a plain in front of Berlin. The weather was very five.

General Savary has entered Rostock with his moveable column. He found there from forty to fifty Swedish ships in ballast, which he immediately put up to sale.

SEIZURE OF HAMBURG

BY THE FRENCH,

And confiscation of all British property found in that city.

"HAMBURGH, Nov. 22.

"This city, which has so long preserved its independence, is reduced to a state of vassalage. After the most solemn farce practised by the French minister to produce the conviction that the neutrality of Hamburg would be respected, 2000 infantry, and 250 Dutch cavalry, suddenly entered the place on Wednesday, with general Mortier at their head, and formally took possession of the city in the name of Napoleon. The next day (Thursday) French soldiers mounted guard at all the public offices and gates, and free quarters were provided for the troops, who were distributed at the houses of the citizens. A few hours only had expired, when the names of the generals, colonels and commissioners of the French army were inscribed on the doors of the principal mansions, so that it might have been supposed to have been a garrisoned town for six months. The commissary at war occupies the house of the British ministers which he entered half an hour after the latter had quitted it. The head quarters are at a senator's, in the Blichen. One of the first measures has been a demand by the commander in chief of all the English property, in whatever form it may appear. To this application the senate replied, that to force such a requisition would be the total ruin of the city. Gen. Mortier signified, on receiving this communication, that it was his determination not to relax a shilling of his demand. Means are already taken to carry the scheme of pillage into immediate execution, and for this purpose the merchants are required to give an estimate of all the English property in their hands, domiciliary visits are appointed to ascertain the validity of such accounts—and yesterday afternoon many of the most respectable persons were put under arrest, to operate on the public mind by intimidation. Among these I am sorry to name Mr. Burrows, Mr. John Thornton, Mr. George Smith and Mr. Parish. At first these gentlemen were confined in a house near the exchange, after seals had been put upon their effects; but they have since been permitted to occupy their respective houses. A guard, however, always attends them. In this situation of things, apprehensions are entertained, that more of the English will be put under arrest, until the avarice of these public plunderers is satiated. Since Wednesday, about 5,000 more French infantry have arrived here; and it may naturally be expected, that from the total stagnation of trade, and the increased price of subsistence the lower orders will not be able to maintain themselves; and that the greatest disorder will prevail in a city, the population of which exceeds to 120,000 souls. The famine threatened at Berlin is to be alleviated by supplies from the granaries of Hamburg, which is another cause of anxiety, under the immediate necessities and difficulties with which this unfortunate city has to contend. I am sorry to present before you so melancholy a picture, and I should with yet more reluctance make any comment upon it, as affecting the interest of the great commercial city, in which I reside, and the manufacturing towns throughout the British empire. Unfortunately the destruction of war is not confined to those whose perish in the field, it is brought home to the fire sides of those who are the best friends to the peace, order and happiness of society.

"Yours, &c."

LONDON, Dec. 2.

The following is said to be the outline of the new political arrangements which Bonaparte has declared he is determined to enforce on the continent:—

The electorate of Brandenburg with some contiguous territory, to be erected into a kingdom under the dominion of Jerome Bonaparte. Prussia proper to be retained by his Prussian majesty, with the title of king. His capital to be Konigsberg.—The Polish territory to be wrested from Austria, Russia, and Prussia, and reconsolidated into one state, of the same extent as before the partition. Murat to be proclaimed king of the Poles. Holland to receive a very considerable accession of territory particularly in Westphalia. The Dutchies of Cleves and Berg at present possessed by Murat, to be given to one of the French marhals.

By the information of a gentleman, whose family was at Lubec, it appears that in that city and its vicinity the French lost five thousand men. The carnage was so dreadful that for some time they would not advance until marshal Bernadotte exclaimed, "*Avancez! Avancez! mes enfans, je vous permettrai le pillage.*" The following was among the more successful expedients to avoid plunder at Lubec.

All the most valuable articles were taken into the garrets, while the rubbish and inferior furniture were thrown before the doors into the street in the utmost disorder, when the plunderers came they concluded the houses had already been gutted by their companions, and thus rushed to a scene of mere promise, leaving away, perhaps, some trifle which not escape their adviety.

Berlin, Nov. 10.

It is impossible to describe the activity and persevering spirit displayed by the grand staff, that no part of Germany, not even the conquered provinces, shall have any thing to complain of on the part of the French soldiers.

The general commanding at Berlin has repeated the order to all French soldiers, not to demand any thing of their hosts beyond what the regulation allows. It is in like manner forbidden to the soldiers in barracks to sell any provisions of the inhabitants, the magazines being amply provided. In fact, the arrival of the French in Berlin was so sudden and unexpected, that there was not time to think of emptying the military magazines, and the French have therefore found them untouched. The arsenal was so stored with arms and ammunition, that enough had been taken out to load twelve barges, with muskets, carbines, bayonets and mortars, which have been shipped and sent to Spandau. In the hands of the French that place will become one of the strongest in Germany. Its fortifications are not considerable, but it is surrounded by the waters of several streams which render it inaccessible. Military hospitals are now established in it, and thither all the wounded who were at Berlin are removed.

The capital enjoys perfect tranquility.—An active and vigilant police establishment maintains good order. From the close of day until morning, companies of the grenadiers of the imperial guard, and other troops on foot and on horseback, patrole the city and look to the safety of persons and property. The six hundred citizens who have retained their arms occupy particular posts entrusted to their care. M. De Chalons is named imperial commissary of the department of Magdeburg. Brigadier-general D'Augoult is arrived at head quarters.

It is thought that the emperor has deferred his journey into Poland for some days.

FROM THE WESER, November 19.

Every thing is again regular at Elsfeth, and assurances have been received that the navigation of this river shall be uninterrupted. The greater part of the troops which entered Oldenburg have returned to East Friesland. In the city of Oldenburg there are only from 80 to 100 men remaining. The gates of the castle are under the guard of Oldenburg soldiers, as formerly.

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Berlin, Nov. 10.

impossible to describe the activity ersevering spirit displayed by the staff, that no part of Germany, not e conquered provinces, shall have ng to complain of on the part of the soldiers.

general commanding at Berlin has re. the order to all French soldiers, not and any thing of their hosts beyond e regulation allows. It is in like man. idden to the soldiers in barracks to ask visions of the inhabitants, the magaing amply provided. In fact, the ar. the French in Berlin was so sudden xpected, that there was not time to f emptying the military magazines. French have therefore found them ed. The arsenal was so stored with d ammunition, that enough had been t to load twelve barges, with mus. rbines, bayonets and mortars, which n shipped and sent to Spandau. In ls of the French that place will become he strongest in Germany. Its fortifi. are not considerable, but it is sur. by the waters of several streams, ender it inaccessible. Military hosp now established in it, and thither a nded who were at Berlin are remo

apital enjoys perfect tranquility.—A nd vigilant police establishment main od order. From the close of day un ing, companies of the grenadiers o erial guard, and other troops on foot horseback, patrole the city and look t y of persons and property. The s citizens who have retained their arm particular posts entrusted to the M. De Chalons is named imperia sary of the department of Magdeburg r-general D'Augoult is arrived a arters.

hought that the emperor has deferred ney into Poland for some days.

FROM THE WESER, November 19.

y thing is again regular at Elsfeth, a ues have been received that the navi f this river shall be uninterrupted. eater part of the troops which entered urg have returned to East Friesland city of Oldenburg there are only fou 0 men remaining. The gates are le are under the guard of Oldenburg as formerly.

NEW YORK, January 29.

By the arrival of the schooner Enter. prize, in 11 days from Bermuda, we learn that his Britannic majesty's frigate Cambrian, the Bermuda sloop of war, and the gun brig Irvio, have captured and sent in. to Bermuda, the following American vessels: Ship Titus from Bordeaux for Philadelphia; brig Henry and Francis, from Cadiz, for New York; hermophrodite brig Cyrus, from the Havanna for Philadelphia; brig Virginia, from a bye port in France, for Norfolk; ship Cicero, from Vera Cruz, for Philadelphia; ship Eliza, from the Isle of France for Newburyport; schooner Intrepid from Bordeaux for Philadelphia; schooner Aspasia, from Cayenne, for New York, and the British brig Unicorn, from Jamaica for St. Domingo.——The sloop Paragon, Dickerson, master, has been seized at Bermuda.

FRANKFORT, January 8.

General Wolock, who commands the detachment of militia, now on duty at the falls of Ohio, has arrested Messrs. Thomas M. Winn and Samuel N. Luckett, both of Jefferson county, on suspicion of being concerned in colonel Burr's expedition. Four boats which they were preparing to send off, have been detained, and themselves bound in a recognizance by judge Ormsby, to appear at the next circuit court, the former in the sum of 5000 dollars, and the latter in 10,000 dollars. Another boat, found on the Indiana side of the Ohio, and supposed to belong to Davis Floyd, has also been detained.

General Winlock repaired to Louisville on the 26th ultimo, and positively asserts that no boats or other craft have passed the Falls since that time without examination.

Captain Samuel Philips, of Jefferson county, informs the general that he passed col Burr on the 31st ultimo, at an encampment near the mouth of Cumberland river, where it is conjectured he is endeavoring to collect his troops and provisions.

The above information was communicated to the governor by express, the evening before last.

It is reported that col. Burr has three or four hundred men assembled at his encampment. If the latter should be his whole force at that place, colonel Ramsay, of Livingston county, is authorised by the executive to call out eight companies of militia, who give a good account of him. Col. R. it is expected would be ready to act by the 2d inst.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.

We have received New Orleans papers to the 1st of January. They contain no articles of interest, except a long address to the public by Edward Livingston, vindicating himself against the charge of implication in Burr's conspiracy, made by general Wilkinson. The address closes with the following affidavit:

Edward Livingston, of the city of New Orleans, counsellor at law, being duly sworn on the Holy Evangelist of Almighty God, doth depose, that he hath never had any communication, written or verbal, direct or indirect, with Aaron Burr, or any other person whom he knows or has reason to suspect, to be concerned with him in the plans now said to be carrying on, hostile to the union, laws or constitution of the United States, relative to any such plans, and that he is utterly ignorant of the existence of any such schemes, on the part of the said Aaron Burr, or his adherents, except from the public papers, the communication of general Wilkinson, and the public report.

(Signed) EDW. LIVINGSTON.

Sworn this 26th day of December, 1806, before me,

DOM. A. HALL,
District Judge of the U. S.
for the Orleans district.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 3.

We have this day completed our selection of the most important articles by the Cato. It is not to be supposed that all our readers will have either the leisure or inclination to CHALK OUT the present position of the "Grand Army:" And as the great transactions of the powers of Europe must, either immediately or remotely, interest the people of this country—and feeling, ourselves, no small desire to know exactly the extent of French operations, we have attempted to point out, and fix the attention on the front which the Gallic legions at this moment presents to astonished Eastern Europe. We say Eastern, being convinced that the Western regions of continental Europe are irretrievably lost.

In the middle of December, after having with unparalleled rapidity, overran, and literally RAN DOWN Prussia, we find the French army posted along the right bank of the Oder, right foot on the frontier of Poland, with the left, on tiptoe, anxiously expecting one short sentence from their chief. When Napoleon cries "forward march," can we hope that they will halt on this side St. Petersburg or Constantinople? Will all Poland, as a settlement for Murat or for Jerome, satisfy the INSATIABLE ambition of this all-conquering warrior? Has Europe, has the whole Eastern world, yet atoned for the aberrations & crimes with which France has been pleased to charge them?

POSITION.

Left wing (meditating a blow at Russia) extended towards *Thorn*; this place the Poles were plundered of by Prussia, in 1798, it is 105 miles N. W. from Warsaw, the capital of Poland.

Centre.—At *Posen*, or Posania, a considerable town in Great Poland, also stolen from the Poles by Prussia. Posen has a strong castle, and is a Bishop's See, 127 miles W. from Warsaw.

Right wing, was established on the borders of Silesia, watching, no doubt, the movements of the Austrians; as there is an Austrian army of 80,000 men in Bohemia which the French have ordered to *fall back*, declaring, that "if these troops are not withdrawn from Bohemia, it shall be deemed a declaration of war," on the part of Austria!

Baltimore Fed. Gazette.

We understand by a gentleman direct from Demerara, which place he left on the 14th of December last, that on the 13th of the same month, a proclamation was issued, prohibiting the importatiou of any articles except lumber and fish, the return cargo for the same rum and molasses.

SENATE UNITED STATES.

JANUARY 15, 1807.

MR. BAYARD, from the committee to whom was referred the memorial of the Chesapeake and Delaware canal company, praying the protection and aid of congress, presented on the 28th of January, 1806, with the documents accompanying the same and the report of a committee of the Senate thereon,

REPORTED,

That having examined the said memorial and documents, and considered the report of the committee of the senate, made at the last session of congress, and finding the said report to contain a statement of the material facts relative to the subject of the said memorial; and approving of the resolution proposed by the committee, referring to the said report as a part of this report, they recommend the adoption of the resolution offered to the senate by the former committee.

IN SENATE OF THE U. STATES,
MARCH 21, 1806.

Mr. Logan, from the committee to whom was referred, on the 28th January last, the memorial of the president and directors of the Chesapeake and Delaware canal company made

REPORT—

That it appears that a company has been incorporated and established by current acts of the legislatures of Pennsylvania, Delaware, and Maryland, for the purpose of cutting a canal across the isthmus separating the waters of the Delaware and Chesapeake bays. The capital of the company consists of two thousand six hundred shares, and two hundred dollars constitute a share. The sum of consequence, contemplated to complete the work, is five hundred and twenty thousand dollars. Of this sum nearly four hundred thousand dollars have been subscribed by individuals, and between five and six hundred shares remain unsubscribed for.

The site of the canal has been fixed, and its embochures established at Welch point on the Elk river, and Mendenhall's ferry on Christiana creek. It is intended to furnish a navigation to vessels drawing upwards of seven feet water. The work has been commenced, and a canal to supply the necessary water to the main canal, has been opened from the head waters of the Elk river, nearly to the line of the route of the grand canal. This canal communicates with populous and productive tracts of country in the three states of Pennsylvania, Delaware, and Maryland, and is calculated for barge navigation.

The length of the main canal, as the route has been established, is twenty-one miles, and the expence of cutting it is estimated at twenty-five thousand dollars a mile.

The committee are of opinion, that the work designed to be accomplished by the Chesapeake and Delaware canal company, is one of great interest and importance, not only to the three states, whose laws have incorporated the company, but generally to the U. S. By opening the proposed communication between the two bays, the safe inland navigation of twenty one miles supplies the place of a circuitous and exposed navigation of five hundred. The large tracts of country in Virginia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Delaware, and New Jersey, connected with the waters of the bays, will be furnished with a safe water communication, and will immediately feel the great benefit of the work. In the event of a war, the facility, celerity, safety and cheapness in the transportation of troops, and ordnance, and military stores, from remote parts of the U. S. present an object at once of sufficient magnitude to interest the general government in the undertaking. The importance, however, of the proposed canal, tho' great in itself, is not justly appreciated by considering it as a separate work; it must be viewed as the basis of a vast scheme of interior navigation, connecting the waters of the lakes with those of the most southern states, a plan certainly within the compass of industry and art, and if beyond the present means, unquestionably within the growing resources of the country.

The following statement and illustration of the plan, the committee have extracted from the memorial, furnishing a correct view of the subject, well deserving the serious consideration of the senate.

"It is easy, however, to see, by examining any map of the U. S. that this extent may be carried much further. To the southward, the canal through the Dismal Swamp, now in execution, will open the communication to the waters of Albemarle sound, and from thence through the inlets to South Carolina and Georgia. To the northward, a communication is now nearly opened from Albany, up the Mohawk river, to lake Ontario, and all the upper lakes; if a similar one be made from the Hudson river to lake Champlain, it will extend the navigation to Quebec. And to the eastward, if the pass from Buzzard's to Boston bay be opened, which has been contemplated, it will in like manner extend it to Boston and all the coast of Massachusetts. Thus, with opening only a few short passes, of which the Chesapeake & Delaware canal is the great and preliminary one, a communication may be made nearly free from all the dangers of the ocean, along the whole coast of the United States."

The committee are of opinion, that it is among the first duties of a government to promote public improvements of a general nature. No works deserve the character of public improvements more than canals. The one proposed by the memorialists is of the first magnitude and importance; it, therefore well deserves both the assistance and encouragement of the government. Considering that a large capital has been subscribed; that an expensive part of the work is nearly completed; that probably without the countenance and aid of the government, the work will cease, to the loss of a number of public spirited individuals and the destruction of a great public improvement; it is the opinion of the committee, that aid ought to be granted to the memorialists.

If it be inconvenient at this moment, to [illegible] money from the treasury, the United States have it in their power to contribute the assistance prayed for, by a grant of land. The grant may be either gratuitous or the company enjoined to dispose of it, and to credit the United States with shares of their stock, equal to the proceeds of the land, at the established rate of $200 for each share.

The committee, therefore, submit the following resolution.

Resolved, That [illegible] acres of land be granted to the Chesapeake and Delaware canal company, upon their giving bond, conditioned to transfer to the United States, a number of the shares of the capital stock of said company at the rate of two hundred dollars a share, equal to the proceeds of sales of the land granted to them and conditioned to sell the said land within [illegible] years, and furnish to the secretary of the treasury a true account of the sales."

OYSTERS.

THE subscriber has just received a supply of *OYSTERS*, which will be served up on the shortest notice.

John Bogan.

February 3. 3t

SHIP NEWS.

Port of Alexandria.

ARRIVED,

Schr. Good Intent, Baxter,	Norfolk.
Patsey, Linton,	New York

CLEARED,

Ship Commerce, Crowdnill,	Falmouth (England)
Brig Helen, M'Cobb,	Jamaica
Mary Ann, Davidson,	do.
Mercury, Dye,	do.
President, Bell,	Antigua
Schr. Hiland, Yeaton,	West Indies
Sloop Science, Hawxhust,	New York
Henry, Burk.	Providence

We understand several vessels from foreign ports, bound to this place, are in the river.

ASSIZE OF BREAD,

Made of Superfine Burr Flour.

	CENTS.
The 8 pound loaf to be sold for	38
4 pound loaf	19
2 pound loaf	9½
1 pound loaf	5

JOHN LONGDEN,
Clerk of the Market.

February 3.

MARSTELLER AND YOUNG,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

A quantity of *BEEF*—Boston inspection—No. 1 and 2—which will be sold on moderate terms. Feb. 3.—d

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FOR SALE,

A LOT OF GROUND containing two acres, situate on the line between the district of Columbia and state of Virginia, and adjoining the gardens of A. M'Kenzie and Capt. Cartwright, near the spring garden.—For terms apply to

BEAL HOWARD,
WEST END.

February 3. eo

FAXON, METCALF & CO.

Have received per schooner Good Intent, John Baxter, from Boston,

AND OFFER FOR SALE,

100 boxes Mould Candles
12 hogsheads New-England Rum
40 barrels do.
6 pipes French Brandy
6 do. Holland's Gin
53 barrels Boston Beef
4 half barrels Pork
3 hogsheads Cod Fish
54 boxes ditto
6 barrels Cheese
231 reams Wrapping Paper
20 nests Hingham Boxes

ALSO,

A general assortment of *SHOES*, among which are a few Ladies' White Kid Slippers, which will be opened immediately, and disposed of on moderate terms.

February 3. eod2w

NOTICE.

A MAJORITY of the stockholders of the Alexandria theatre, having agreed to purchase the ground rent of $108 per annum, arising from the ground on which the theatre is erected, *give this public notice* to stockholders residing out of Alexandria, that unless they forward notes to the subscriber payable at 3, 6, and 9 months, from the first of January, 1807, for their proportions, by the first day of March next, a deed will be then taken for the property to those who shall agree to the above purchase by that day.—Any stockholder disagreeing to the above stipulations, will only be entitled to the one and thirtieth part of the neat proceeds of the sale of the property, sold at public auction by the direction of the trustees of said theatre, on the 30th August, 1806.

Guy Atkinson,
Agent for the Stockholders.

January 29—30. 2aw1stM

☞ The above theatre to rent.

Dissolution of Partnership.

WILLIAM DOUGLASS intending to retire from business in this place, the partnership of *Douglass & Mandeville* is this day dissolved by mutual consent, and Joseph H. Mandeville is solely authorised to adjust and settle all the accounts of the partnership. It is earnestly requested that all persons indebted to them will settle the same with him immediately, as longer indulgence cannot be given.

William Douglass,
Joseph H. Mandeville.

January 3. dtf

Joseph H. Mandeville

Intends to carry on the *FLOUR* and *GROCERY BUSINESS* in the same manner & on the same terms as heretofore done by D. and M. and solicits a continuance of favors from his friends.

January 3, dtf

District of Columbia, County of Alexandria, ff.

November Term, 1806.

Warren Ashley, *complainant*,
Against
John Drew and Wm. Hartshorne, *defendants*. } *In Chancery.*

The defendant, John Drew, not having entered his appearance and given security, according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said defendant, John Drew, is not an inhabitant of this district—on motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant, John Drew, do appear here on the first day of July term next, and enter his appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court, and that the other defendant, William Hartshorne, do not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by him owing to, or the estate or effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendant, John Drew, until the further order or decree of the court, and that a copy of this order be forthwith published in both of the public newspapers published in this county for two months successively, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.

A Copy. Test.

G. Deneale, C. C.

January 8. law2m

District of Columbia, County of Alexandria, ff.

November Term, 1806.

John Corse, *Complainant*,
against
Arthur McCann, & John Hodgkin, *Defendants*. } *In Chancery.*

THE defendant Arthur M'Cann, not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said defendant, Arthur McCann is not an inhabitant of this district—on motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant Arthur McCann, do appear here on the first day of July term next, and enter his appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendant John Hodgkin, do not pay away, convey, or secrete, the debts by him owing to or the estate and effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendant Arthur McCann, until the further order or decree of the court—and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in both of the public newspapers published in this county for two months successively, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.

A copy—Test,

G. Deneale, c. c.

January 8. law3m

District of Columbia, County of Alexandria, ff.

November Term, 1806.

John and James H. Tucker, *complainants*,
against
Enoch Ward and Thomas Moore *defendants*. } *In Chancery.*

THE defendant Enoch Ward, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said defendant Enoch Ward, is not an inhabitant of this district—on motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant, Enoch Ward, do appear here on the first day of July term next, and enter his appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendant, Thomas Moore, do not pay away, convey, or secrete, the debts by him owing to or the estate and effects in is hands, belonging to the said absent defendant Enoch Ward, until the farther order or decree of the court—and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in both of the public newspapers published in this county for two months successively, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.

A true copy—Test.

G. Deneale, c. c.

January 8. law3m

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscribers, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters testamentary on the estate of *Davey Davey*, late of the county aforesaid, deceased—all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof to the subscribers on or before the 21st day of July next ensuing, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—and all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment.—Given under our hands this 21st day of January, 1807.

Elizabeth Davey, *Exec'n.*
John Korn, *Executor.*

January 21. law3m

District of Columbia, County of Alexandria, ff.

Novemoer Term, 1806.

Alexander Smith, *complainant*,
Against
Mordecai Hines, Robert Abercrombie, and Samuel Craig, ex'r. of W. Mitchell, dec'd. *defendants*. } *In Chancery.*

The defendant, Mordecai Hines, not having entered his appearance and given security, according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said defendant Mordecai Hines, is not an inhabitant of this district—on motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant, Mordecai Hines, do appear here on the first day of July term next, and enter his appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court, and that the other defendants Robert Abercrombie and Samuel Craig, executor as aforesaid, do not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendant Mordecai Hines, until the further order or decree of the court, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in both of the public newspapers published in this county for two months successively, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.

A Copy. Test.

G. Deneale, C. C.

January 8. law2m

District of Columbia, County of Alexandria, ff.

November Term, 1806.

John C. White, *complainant*,
Against
Elias Debutts and Philip G. Marsteller, *defendants*, } *In Chancery.*

The defendant, Elias Debutts, not having entered his appearance and given security, according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of this court, upon affidavit, that the said defendant, Elias Debutts, is not an inhabitant of this district, on motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant, Elias Debutts, do appear here on the first day of July term next, and enter his appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court, and that the other defendant, Philip G. Marsteller, do not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by him owing to, or the estate or effects in his hands, belonging to the said absent defendant, Elias Debutts, until the further order or decree of the court, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in both of the public newspapers published in this county for two months successively, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.

A Copy. Test.

G. Deneale, c. c.

January 8. law2m

District of Columbia County of Alexandria, ff.

November Term, 1806.

James Lawrason, *Complainant*,
against
Isaac M'Pherson, Wm. Douglass, and Joseph Mandeville, jun. trading under the firm of Douglass and Mandeville, *Defendants*. } *In Chancery*

THE defendant Isaac M'Pherson, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said defendant Isaac M'Pherson, is not an inhabitant of this district—on motion of the complainant by his counsel it is ordered, that the said defendant Isaac M'Pherson, do appear here on the first day of July term next, give and enter his appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendants Wm. Douglas, and Joseph Mandeville, jun. trading under the firm of Douglass and Mandeville, do not pay away, convey, or secrete, the debts by them owing to or the estate and effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendant Isaac M'Pherson—until the further order or decree of the court.

And that a copy of this order be forthwith published in both of the public newspapers published in this county for two months successively, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.

A Copy. Test;

G. Deneale, c. c.

Jan. 8. law2m.

TO RENT,

A TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, situate on Cameron-street, near the corner, together with a Frame Building on the corner of Cameron and Pitt-streets, now occupied as a coach-makers' shop, but would make a good stable, and a vacant lot—For terms apply to

James H. Hooe, Adm'r.
B. Dandridge, deceased.

September 18. eo

PROPOSALS,
BY CONRAD AND CO.
OF PHILADELPHIA,
FOR PRINTING, BY SUBSCRIPTION,
A NEW WORK,
ENTITLED
THE AMERICAN REGISTER.

[After the Plan of the British Annual Register.]

Price, to subscribers, three dollars per volume, in half binding.

Subscriptions received by John Conrad snd Co. Philadelphia; M. and J. Conrad and Co. Baltimore; Somervell and Conrad, Petersburg; Bonsal, Conrad, and Co. Norfolk, and by Robert Gray, Alexandria.

January 15 co15t

ESTRAYS.

CAME to the subscriber's in Fairfax county, some time in November last, a pied COW, about 7 years old, with both ears cropt and a slit in the under part of the ear—two HEIFERS, one black, the other black with a white back and belly—both unmarked, about two years old—Also three SHEEP, one a yew with both ears cropt, another both ears cropt with an upper bit in the left, and one unmarked. The above estrays have been appraised, and the owner or owners is requested to prove property, pay expences and take them away.

Gabriel D. Childs.

January 31. co3t*

NIGHT SCHOOL.

The subscriber returns his grateful thanks to his friends and patrons, for their past favors and liberality towards him; and begs leave respectfully to inform them, and the inhabitants of Alexandria generally, that he will commence his NIGHT SCHOOL on *Monday* the 22d instant, at his Academy in Prince-street.

Young gentlemen, desirous of becoming acquainted with the arts of Surveying, Navigation, use of the Globes, or any of the different branches of the Mathematics, will meet with due attention from

William Slade.

September 20 dat.aw

To be Rented,

THE two story FRAME HOUSE, on King-street, nearly opposite to Mr. James Bacon's store—Also the HOUSES on Jones's Point, formerly occupied by Mr. William Patterson, with six or seven acres of land adjoining, for one or more years, as may be agreed on—Also one or more acres of the marsh, and the upland adjoining next to Col. Hooe's fence.—Any person or persons disposed to build may have a lot or lots 20 feet by 100 feet, for ten years, at one shilling a foot ground rent; and at the end of the term of ten years, he or they, his or their heirs & assigns, shall be entitled to a renewal of the lease for ten years longer, on paying such ground-rent as the lot or lots shall be worth in the opinion of three impartial men, and shall be entitled forever to a renewal of the lease at the expiration of each term of ten years on the same conditions; or they may have lots on a moderate ground rent forever, and to the subscriber for the lots. Apply to Mr. *John Tucker* for the house

Stephen Cooke.

2aw3w&eowtf

Leesburg, Nov. [illegible]

TO BE RENTED,

For the ensuing season,

THE FISHERY on Great Hunting Creek.

A valuable

J. H. HOOE.

[illegible] 3. 2awtf

TO BE RENTED,

THE BRICK STORE & COMPTING HOUSE now occupied by Messrs. Ricketts Newton & Co.—ALSO, the vacant *STORE* adjoining. They are large and convenient, as will be rented low. Apply to

J. H. HOOE.

July 28 law

Office of the People's Friend,
NEW-YORK.

THE PEOPLE'S FRIEND.
FOR THE COUNTRY,

THE first number of this paper will be published on Thursday, the 1st of January, 1807, and continue to be published afterwards regularly, every Wednesday and Saturday. It will contain the whole of the editorial matter contained in the daily print of that name.

Price four dollars a year—one year to be paid in advance.

☞ Subscriptions for the above paper received at the office of the ALEXANDRIA DAILY ADVERTISER.

December 19.

Dr. Ree's Cyclopædia,
VOL. II, PART II,
IS JUST RECEIVED.

Subscribers are requested to send for heir copies, which must be paid for on delivery.

R. GRAY,

January 8

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters of administration on the personal estate of *Alexander Latimer*, late of the county aforesaid, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 21st day of July next ensuing, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—and those indebted thereto, are requested to make immediate payment.—Given under my hand this 21st day of January, 1807.

Mercy Latimer, *Adm'x.*

January 21 2aw6w

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscribers, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of *John Lightfoot*, late of the county aforesaid, deceased:——ALL PERSONS having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof to the subscribers, on or before the 21st day of July next ensuing, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—And all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment.—Given under our hands this 21st day of January, 1807.

Elizabeth Lightfoot, *Adm'x.*
Samuel Lightfoot, *Adm'r.*

January 21. 2aw6w

Land or Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell about fifteen and an half acres of Land, within half a mile of Alexandria, situate on the south side of the lane leading from Mr. Hodgson's dwelling to the poor house, and directly opposite that building. Although this property from its situation must soon become valuable, it will be sold low for cash, or good negotiable paper ninety, one hundred and eighty, and two hundred and seventy days. Apply to JAMES IRVIN, or myself

Robert Adam.

January 20. eotf

Valuable Property for Sale.

Pursuant to a decree of the circuit court for the district of Columbia, held at Alexandria, and the last will of *Benjamin Shreve*, deceased; his executors offer for sale,

THAT *Valuable Property* at the corner of King and Fairfax-streets, part of which is occupied by Charles Bennett. The lot extends 40 feet on King and 70 feet on Fairfax-street, is subject to a rent charge of 50 dollars per annum.

To those who are desirous, either of securing a good stand for business or of vesting money in real estate, this is a most inviting piece of property. A small part of the money will be required in hand or in an approved note at 60 days——on the balance a liberal credit will be given. For terms apply to either of the executors or to Benjamin Shreve.

William Paton,
Edward Stabler,
John Janney, } *Ex'rs.*

November 28. 2aw

The Subscriber has received

The following ARTICLES,

Which he offers for Sale very low:

15 hogsheads first quality St. Croix Sugar
10 bales Tennessee cotton
6 pipes 4th proof cogniac brandy
10 hogsheads wel flavored 4th proof Jamaica rum
30 barrels New-England Rum.

AND ON HAND,

Imperial
Hyson
Young Hyson
Hyson Skin, and
First quality Souchong } TEAS of the latest importations.
Best green coffee in bags
Chocolate
Loaf and lump sugar
London particular Madeira
Particular Teneriffe
Lisbon, Sherry, and 150 dozen bottled Port, *very old WINES.*
A few cases claret, superior quality
Coniac and old peach brandy
Jamaica and Antigua spirits
Holland gin
NewEngland rum and whiskey
Mace, nutmegs, cloves and pimento
Black pepper, allspice, & ground ginger
Pearl barley, rice, starch, and fig blue
Dixon's Philadelphia, & English mustard
Refined Salt-Petre
Brown and white soap
Mould and dipt candles
Indigo, allum, madder, copperas, & roll brimstone
English gun-powder
Demijohns

James Sanderson.

September 17 d

PRINTED DAILY BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN.